

INTELLIGENCE FROM LLOYD'S.

17. Several frigates are here every day with merchandizes from the West Indies; the 5th of the month continues closed. The Rosehill, Haading, from Africa to Jamaica, has passed Dominica.

HOUSE OF LORDS.

MONDAY, April 4.

This day the House of Lords met for the first time since the recess. Counsel were heard farther in the cause, wherein Sir James Nafingh. Barr. was appellant, and John Sampson respondent. Affirmed the decree of the Court of Session.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

MONDAY, April 4.

The House was enabled, though with considerable difficulty, to form a ballot on the Buckinghamshire election. Sir John Henderson and Sir Peter Parker took their seats for Seaford.

Report was made of the contested elections for Cricklade and Hereford, in favour of Mr Henage and Mr Nicholas for the former, and Mr Mesurier for the latter. The sitting members for Cricklade are found not duly elected, and the returning officer ordered to attend the House of Commons on Monday, to answer for his conduct in making an illegal return.

Read a first, second, and third time, the American intercourse bill.

Appointed the Committee for the cotton trade for to-morrow, and the Committee for the Irish trade for Wednesday.

Ordered the call of the House for to-morrow to be on the members who do not attend to be taken into custody.

Read petitions from the weavers at Paisley, from Glasgow, Dunfermline, Derby, Sheffield, from the manufacturers of iron in Staffordshire, from the manufacturers of sail-cloth at Warrington, from Lancashire and Wigan, against the Irish propositions. The said petitions were referred to the Committee on the Irish trade.

Read several petitions from the manufacturers, against the act of last session, laying on duties on cotton goods, fustians, &c. The petitions were referred to the Committee on the cotton trade.

Mr Pitt then moved, that the Lancashire petition, which the House had left unfinished, be taken into consideration on the morrow; which was agreed to.

Ordered in a bill for appointing additional Commissioners of land-tax. The House then adjourned.

From the London Papers, April 5.

Constantinople, Feb. 10. The following is the substance of the order dispatched to the Captain Pacha, on occasion of the arrival of the Dutch man of war, of 74 guns, the *Tierke Hides de Vries* at Smyrna. That the conditions prescribed during the war between France and England shall be adhered to; that the limits of the Turkish seas are ascertained by a line from the point of the Morea to the Isle of Candia, in the Archipelago; that within those limits all acts of hostility are prohibited; that in case of an engagement beyond these limits, the subjects of his Sublime Highness shall observe the most rigid neutrality; that upon either Turkish or Christian subjects, embarking merchandise of the one or the other nation, they must be careful to obtain certificates from the Consuls of the two interfering in any acts of hostility, and denouncing such persons against those who shall presume to serve on board the ships of either of the contending parties.

Berlin, March 19. Many of the officers of the royal corps of artillery having solicited and obtained their dismissal, have entered into the service of the Republic of the United Low Countries, where they have rank superior to that they enjoyed in our army. Three officers are already departed to take up their new commissions.

Leyden, March 29. They write from Carlsbourg, that on the 27th of last month Nicola Uriz, surnamed Horiah, and I-van Klotzha, the Walachian rebel Chiefs, were executed before the gates of that city, by being broken alive on the wheel, in pursuance of their sentence, and that their bodies being quartered, the parts thereof are ordered to be exposed in the places where their greatest cruelties were committed. The letters add, that the provinces are still in a state of commotion.

Cologne, March 25. All our letters from the empire, from Saxony, Bohemia, and other countries, advise, that the roads are covered with snow to the depth of from four to five feet, in consequence of which the arrival of the posts is intercepted; and, at so advanced a time of the year, the oldest people do not remember the weather being so extremely severe as it is at present.

Hague, March 27. At the suggestion of the Council of States, their High Mightinesses have stopped the negotiation for raising four millions of florins at the ordinary interest of 3 per cent.

It is asserted that the confederated States have agreed to grant the Comte de Maillebois 60,000 florins for the expenses of his voyage, 20,000 florins for his establishment, together with an annual stipend of 60,000 florins.

Hague, March 27. Last night the States General held an extraordinary meeting from eight till ten o'clock, when they dispatched a courier to M. Telling, their Advocate Fiscal at Maastricht. To-morrow they will have another extraordinary assembly, on the subject of advices from the Court of Berlin, relating, as it is said, to the supposed correspondence between Maastricht and Aix-la-Chapelle.

Hague, March 30. The courier dispatched on Thursday night by the States General to France, carries the consent of the States to stop the flooding of the Austrian territories with salt water, on condition that they may do it with fresh, or that no attack shall be attempted on that side. Hence a confidence arises, that the pacific negotiations will be attended with success.

LONDON.

We have just heard from good authority, that peace is concluded between the Emperor and the Dutch. Gen. Co. P. R.

At the beginning of this session it was said Parliament would rise in May at farthest; but as business of the session importance must be completed, we may justly conclude that the session will not close before the latter end of June. We will only mention a few national objects that the Minister will doubtless wish to finish. The Irish arrangement. The reform of Parliamentary representation. The diminution of the national debt. The police. The Crown lands. Public establishments, &c. &c.

All the Opposition will not vote against the Minister on the Irish propositions. Lord B. (whose father has a very

considerable estate in Ireland) it is said, will support Government in this occasion.

The Dean of Gloucester, and Mr Arthur Young, are strongly in favour of the Irish propositions, and it is rumoured they will be examined by the Ministry.

Bets are current in the City, that Mr Pitt is not Minister on the 26th of May next. E. G. Chron.

The Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty have ordered six new frigates to be fitted out in the river with all expedition, and some more at the out-ports. It is not yet given out what station they are designed for; whether they are to relieve the ships in the Channel, or for foreign service. However, it is most likely the former only want an augmentation, in case the Emperor and Dutch should commence hostilities.

Saturday the purser of the Ganges East-Indiaman arrived at the India House, with the news of the above ship being safe arrived in the Downs, after being released in Ireland; here she was seized by his Majesty's officers for an illicit trade.

Friday Captain Hay, of the Lord Macartney East-Indiaman, having completed his lading at Gravesend, took his leave of the Court of Directors.

Sunday the Atlas East-Indiaman, Captain Cooper, having completed her lading at Gravesend, sailed from thence for the Downs to proceed on her voyage.

The learned Dr Lind, F. R. S. has lately made trial of a medicine which has effectually and instantly removed the gout from the stomach in five different patients. The medicine is the vitriolic ether, a tea spoonful of which Dr Lind gives in an ounce of camphorated julep, with half an ounce of peppermint water.

The above simple prescription has instantly relieved the complaint, when usquebaugh, brandy, opium, and other medicines commonly used, had failed; it was found also efficacious when no other medicine had preceded its exhibition. As this practice, mentioned by some writers, is far from being generally known, Dr Lind communicated it to Sir Joseph Banks, who has caused it to be published, for the benefit of those afflicted with that dangerous and painful disorder.

A new Theatrical Constellation has been discovered at Bath, a seminary for which we are indebted for some of our most eminent performers, is Messrs Henderson, Edwin, Reddih, Dodd, Mrs Siddons, Mrs Crawford, Mrs Bates, &c. It is a Miss Brunton, who made her second appearance last Wednesday in the character of Euphrasia. She is only in her sixteenth year, and what added greatly to the effect of the scene was, that the part of Evander was performed by her own father. Her next character is to be Horatia in the Roman Father.

Extract of a letter from on board the Northumberland East-Indiaman, Capt. Rees, dated Portsmouth, April 2.

"We have had a dreadful mutiny amongst the recruits on board, which arose to such a height as to oblige our officers to fire among them, when one of the midshipmen, who, with the carpenter, was endeavouring to pacify them, received a ball in his breast, which has since been extracted, and hopes are entertained of his recovery; another midshipman had his clothes cut through with a knife, and one of the desperadoes attempted to stab the carpenter, but the knife being flat pointed grazed along his breast without any further mischief. The mutiny

"While sealing this letter, a violent storm, which immediately ran upon deck, and found that the insurgents, under pretence of wanting to ease themselves, had procured their irons to be taken off, which was no sooner done, than they rushed down, and cut the fourth mate in a manner too shocking to mention; they are now handcuffed and stabled down, and we wait for the Captain's coming down to know how to proceed with them."

Extract of a letter from Paris, March 18.

"The courier which arrived a few days ago from Vienna hath brought, as we presume, a pacific decision of his Imperial Majesty, relative to the differences with the United Provinces, as from that moment counter-orders have been preparing for the officers who were to rejoin their forces as soon as possible. The Emperor, agreeable to the desire of France, shows himself, in this point, extremely indulgent and moderate with respect to the conditions of an accommodation, and it is not doubted but that it will be soon brought to a conclusion. This happy event appears so certain, that the sale of the horses which had been purchased in great numbers is already talked of, and that they are to be re-sold to several farmers at a certain price, on condition of their producing them again at a fixed period if there shall be occasion for them."

Extract of a letter from Amsterdam, March 29.

"The States have received an account from the Dutch Consul at Leghorn, that the Senate of Venice has concluded a treaty of alliance, offensive and defensive, with the two Imperial Courts of Russia and Vienna for ten years, during which time the Republic are to keep up thirty men of war for the service of those powers. This news is not agreeable here, considering the recent disputes between Holland and Venice."

| PRICE OF STOCKS, APRIL 5. | |
|---------------------------------|-----|
| Bank Stock, shut. | 100 |
| 5 per cent. Stock, 88 1/2 | |
| 4 per cent. Ann. 1777, shut, 75 | |
| 1 opening | |
| 3 per cent. con. 35 1/2 | |
| 3 per cent. red. shut. | |
| 3 per cent. 1726 | |
| Long Ann. 16 1/2, 16ths 1/2 | |
| Short Ann. 17 1/2, 17 1/2, 1800 | |
| South Sea Stock, shut. | |
| 3 per cent. Ann. shut. | |
| Ditto New Ann. — | |
| Ditto 1751, — | |
| India Stock, shut. | |
| 3 per cent. Ann. — | |
| India Bonds, paid, 4 disc. | |
| Ditto unpaid, 2 disc. | |
| Naval Bills, — | |
| Exchange Bills, — | |

WIND AT DEAL, April 4. S. E.

EDINBURGH.

Extract of a letter from London, April 5.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

"The House this day ballotted for a Committee for deciding on the merits of the late election for Elginshire, the Earl of Fife sitting member, and Mr Cuming petitioner. The Committee sit to-morrow morning, and consist of the following persons, viz. Mr Montague chairman, Sir Edward Ashley, Sir William Lemon, Mr Povey, Mr Præd, Mr Rogers, Mr Fellows, Mr Smith, Mr Middleton, Mr Browne, Mr Basset, Mr Ross, Mr Nichols. Sir William Cunynghame nominee for Earl Fife. Mr Grant nominee for Penrose Cuming, Esq.

General Birgine presented a petition from the Manufacturers of Preston against the Irish propositions.

Mr Michelson also presented a like petition from the Traders and Manufacturers of Paisley. The Hon. Gentlemen

offered, that it had been thrown out, on the other side, that he had the petition for some time in his pocket. This he readily admitted; but, at the same time, informed the House, that he had only kept it by him, on account of the want of a Committee on the Buckinghamshire petition, which had not allowed him an opportunity, till that moment, of laying it before the House.

"A like petition from the Traders and Manufacturers of Nottingham was also presented, and, with the other two, were ordered to the Committee of the whole House on Irish affairs."

"A motion was then made for laying before the House, the minutes and proceedings of the late Committee on the Cricklade election, with a view of founding some motion thereon, respecting the conduct of the returning officer, and the same was unanimously agreed to."

"Mr Alderman Newham moved for leave to bring in a bill for regulating an act of the 22d Geo. III. respecting the importation of corn into that part of Great Britain called England, which was agreed to."

"Mr William Grenville gave notice, that he should, on Monday, make a motion, for regulating the balloting for Committees for deciding on the merits of contested elections."

"The order of the day was then read for going into the Lancaster petition, and Mr Blackburne having taken the chair, the counsel were called to the bar; but Mr Pigot and Mr Garrow appearing, Mr Walker was called in, and resumed his evidence, being principally interrogated by Mr Eden, Mr Fox, Mr Stanley, and Lord Beauchamp, &c. The substance of his evidence was, that the late heavy tax on fustians and cloths had caused a suspension of the business; but that he had lately resumed it, in consequence of a conversation with the minister, who gave him to understand, as he conceived it, that if he would not bring in a bill to repeal those taxes, he would give his assistance towards the measure. Mr Walker also stated a great hardship in collecting the duties; for that, as the object stamp the cotton before it was dyed, when it underwent that process, the mark would be dyed out, and the duty on that account was frequently required, and paid a second time."

"Mr Walker having withdrawn, Mr Stanley asked Mr Pitt if he had any questions to put to Mr Walker before the Counsel had made their observations. Mr Pitt replied, that he most undoubtedly had questions to put, but would take his own time for it, and let the other side go through whatever they meant first."

"Mr Richardson, a fustian-manufacturer, was then examined at the bar by Mr Pigot for upwards of two hours; in the course of which he corroborated what had fallen from Mr Walker, respecting the great hardships of the late tax on fustians, and the inconvenience of collecting the same, which, he said, had stopped all business for a time, and which would, if not repealed, totally ruin it in the end; as the taxes, and other burdens on it, amounted to about 6 and a half per cent, and which would soon, if not taken off, drive the manufacturers of those articles to Ireland and other parts. At this time, he said, a Prussian was confined in Bridewell, for attempting to entice manufacturers into Prussia, for the purpose of setting up a manufactory. After a very long and tedious examination, of which the foregoing is the substance, the House adjourned till to-morrow."

"To-morrow, the annual bill relative to the American

Yester-day morning, died, at his house of Kennet, the Honourable Robert Bruce of Kennet, one of the Senators of the College of Justice, and one of the Lords Commissioners of Justice.

Died at Lisbon, the 7th March ult. Miss Mary Duncanson, youngest daughter of the late Collector Duncanson of Campbelltown. Her friends and numerous relations will please accept of this notification of her death.

Sir Robert Laurie, Bart. member of Parliament for Dumfriesshire, is appointed Knight Marshal of Scotland, in the room of the late James Erskine, Esq.

On the 11th of January last, the University of Glasgow conferred the degree of Doctor in Divinity on the Rev. Mr William McGill, minister of the gospel at Ayr.

The College of New Jersey have conferred the degree of Doctor in Divinity on the Rev. Mr John Soodgrass, one of the ministers of Paisley.

On Wednesday the 30th March, the following Gentlemen of Sub-Principal McLeod's class, King's College, Aberdeen, were admitted to the degree of Master of Arts.

The graduation was superintended by Mr McLeod, attended by the Principal and Professors. Each of the young gentlemen delivered a harangue; and, in this exercise, acquitted themselves with much propriety, in presence of a very crowded audience.

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| Miss Robert Scott, | Miss John McKenzie, |
| Alexander Bethune, | James Cock, |
| Andrew Menzies, | John Roger, |
| Donald McLeod, | Robert Fiddes, |
| Donald McLean, | James Johnston, |
| Duncan Forbes, | Roderick McLeod, |
| James Farquharson, | Robert Hall, |
| James McIntosh, | William Forsyth, |
| William Jack, | William Smith, |
| James McPhail, | |

Since Monday last the weather has been very mild and favourable for the labours of the field.

This day, a case of a very curious nature came to be decided before the Magistrates. A horse was found straying upon the streets, and accordingly taken up by the Town-Guard, as a public nuisance. A stableman was prevailed upon to take the horse into his stable, till an owner should be found. Soon after, however, the horse was discovered to be diseased, and the stableman would not allow him to remain longer, being afraid of his infecting the other horses. Application was therefore made to the Magistrates, who ordered the horse to be sold for whatever he would bring. He was purchased, in consequence, by a dog-feeder, for five shillings; but he having been a better judge of horse flesh, as it would seem, than the stableman, did not apply him to the use for which he was bought, but sold him to another person for thirty-five shillings. After this, the proprietor of the horse appears, and claims his property from the last purchaser. All the parties attended this day in the Court Chamber. It was pled for the proprietor, who is a very poor man, that some evil-disposed person had opened his stable door, and drove out the horse; and that he had been searching for him, without effect, till he found him in the possession of the last purchaser. This person had no objection to give back the horse; but thought it hard he should lose the thirty-five shillings he paid for him. The dog-feeder strenuously

stated, that as he bought the horse honestly and fairly, at a public sale authorized by the Magistrates, he consequently had a right to make the most of his property afterwards, by selling him to the best advantage. The Magistrates ordered the horse to be restored to the original owner; the dog-feeder to refund the thirty-five shillings he had received for him, and to be paid, by the stabler, the five shillings at which the horse had first been purchased.—Had the horse been given to the dogs, as was originally proposed, the case would have been still more difficult and perplexed.

This day, a proclamation, by the Magistrates, was sent through the streets of this city, by tuck of drum, and read at the usual places, forbidding, under the severest penalties, the odious practice of *bickering*, especially on Sundays; and warning all parents and masters to pay particular attention to the conduct of their children and apprentices in this respect, as proper officers are to be distributed in the different avenues to the city, to seize and imprison every one who shall be found employed in this disgraceful and dangerous amusement.

For two or three weeks past, a female impostor has been but too successful in extorting money, and other articles, from a number of charitably-disposed families in this city and neighbourhood. The tale she told was a most lamentable one, indeed, of a woman having been delivered of three children at one birth, all of whom were totally deprived of some one sense or other. To add to this misery, the likewise gave out, that both father and mother had died a few days after their birth. The impostor has the appearance of a country girl, and acted her part with great address. She made use of the name of a midwife of considerable repute in town, to whom several suits of childrens clothes have been sent, and by which means this scandalous imposture has at last been discovered.

On Monday last there was a respectable meeting of the Merchants, Manufacturers, and Traders of the city of Glasgow, who approved of the Resolutions of the Chamber of Commerce, inserted in this paper of the 2d instant, and resolved that a petition to the House of Commons be immediately transmitted to the Right Hon. the Lord Advocate of Scotland, their representative in Parliament, praying that the Irish Resolutions may not pass into a law in their present form; but that the consideration of them may be delayed till next session of Parliament, that every necessary information that the nature of the case will admit may be laid before Parliament, and that there may be time to investigate it with that deliberation which so important a business requires. The meeting also returned their thanks to the Lord Advocate, and to Patrick Colquhoun and Alexander Brown, Esqrs; deputies for the city of Glasgow, for their unremitting attention to this business. The above petition, signed by 4000 persons, was sent off by express on Tuesday.

On Monday last, three fish-sellers in the fish-market of Glasgow were convicted of forestalling, &c. before the Lord Provost, and fined each in forty pounds Scots to the procurator-fiscal, for their fish offence. The Lord Provost and Magistrates are determined to put the laws to the utmost execution against all forestallers, in time coming.

The Bell, Cathcart, from Newfoundland, is arrived at Dominica, and proceeded from thence for Jamaica.

Charles Town, Easen, at St Kitt's, from Savannah.

Greenock, Tarbert, at Falmouth, from Clyde, on her way to Rotterdam.

Caroline, Gardner, at Glasgow, from Clyde.

Tit, Harris, Marble, at London, from Bordeaux.

Fyal, Leaky, and her cargo discharged to find out the leak.

It is usual for Insurance Brokers to settle, by promissory notes, with the Underwriters the 31st of March, for the premiums of the foregoing year. This year, it seems, they neglected to do so; and, on a policy being offered for a ship from the Baltic, it was refused, and the following quotation sent to the Broker:—

In *Chronicle* it is written,

5. And the King said, At the end of the third month I will send for thee, and behold I will pay my servant his wages.

6. But when the time came, the King kept not his word, but allowed his servant to work without wages.

7. And, lo! this was evil in the sight of all the people; and there was a great murmuring, even like unto the wave, of the sea.

8. And the servant said, I will no longer travel on the great deep for thy behoof, O King! or bring home thy ships from afar, laden with fine linen, the fat of bulls, Shittim wood, and strong bars of iron.

9. And it repented the King, and he promised his servant some of the gold of Ophir; but the servant answered and said, I pray thee put thy promise in writing, O King!

(Here endeth the first lesson.)

[In consequence of the above an immediate settlement took place.]

EQUALIZATION.

As this nation is now negotiating commercial treaties with Ireland, Russia, France, Spain, and America; it is submitted to the consideration of the guardians of our commercial interests, what effect, as a model, the resolutions of the Irish House of Commons, when passed into a law, may have upon the other powers.

Ireland says, my *linens*, my staple manufacture, shall for ever be imported duty-free into Great-Britain;—and to equalize this, upon a principle of reciprocity, *British linens*, which cannot be sent in return, shall for ever likewise be imported duty-free into Ireland. But all other species of manufactures, such as Britain can send in return, shall not be imported duty-free into Ireland.

If this principle be admitted, may not Russia say, my *flax*, *hemp*, *iron*, and *timber*, shall for ever be imported duty-free into Britain; and, in return, *British flax*, *hemp*, *iron*, and *timber*, shall for ever be imported duty-free, into all the Russias. But such other species of British manufactures as can be sent in return, shall not be imported duty-free into Russia.

And may not France, with equal pretensions; say, my *wines* shall for ever be imported duty-free into Britain; and *British wines* shall for ever be imported duty-free into France.

America too, by a similar construction of mutual advantages, may say, our *tobacco*, *tar*, *rice*, and *furs*, shall for ever be imported duty-free into Britain;—and, to equalize with Great-Britain, her *tobacco*, *tar*, *rice*, and *furs*, shall for ever be imported duty-free into America!!!

Extract of a letter from Kelfo, April 6.

“On Wednesday last, the Circuit Court of Justiciary, for the southern district, was opened at Jedburgh by Lords Braxfield and Henderland, when they proceeded to the trial of

Robert Colston, late servant to William Peoman, tenant in Muirdean, for the murder of his master's youngest child. David Hume, Esq; Advocate, Sheriff of Berwickshire, very eloquently and feelingly stated Colston's defence, which was, that he was insane and furious at the time of committing the action. The jury was inclosed about five o'clock afternoon, and yesterday returned their verdict, finding it proven that he committed the crimes charged against him in the indictment; and also finding it proven, that he was insane, furious, and deprived of his reason at the time. The Lords ordained him to be confined in the jail of Jedburgh during his life, unless caution is found to the satisfaction of the High Court of Justiciary, to keep him in security elsewhere. The unhappy man behaved with great sorrow and contrition, becoming one in his distressing situation.

“Yesterday Thomas Hunter, indicted for stealing linen cloth from a bleaching place, was, upon his own petition, banished Scotland, for life; and Henry Archison, indicted for the same crime, was outlawed for non-appearance.

“The Court then proceeded to the trial of William Wallace shoemaker, and Adam Heflop, earter and horse-couper in Kelfo, for an assault and robbery, when, after a very long proof being led, the jury were inclosed about seven o'clock last night, and are to give in their verdict at ten o'clock this forenoon.

“Yesterday, the Presbytery of Kelfo met here, when a deputation from the Town Council, Presbytery, and General Sessions of Edinburgh, produced commissions, authorizing them to prosecute the translation of the Reverend Mr Simpson, minister of Morebattle, to be one of the ministers of the city of Edinburgh. The Presbytery, in consequence of previous citations, according to the rules of the Church, having called and heard parties, pronounced the following judgment, viz.—“That Mr Simpson be translated to Edinburgh; and recommend to the Presbytery of Edinburgh to admit him, as soon as convenient, after Whitsunday next.—At the same time resolved, that Mr Simpson's relation to the parish of Morebattle shall not be looked till after said admission.”

“The business of the Presbytery being over, the Commissioners from the Town Council gave an elegant entertainment to the Presbytery and a numerous company.

Extract of a letter from Manchester, April 2.

“We can assure the public, that, in the course of a few days, a petition will be presented to Parliament, signed by fifteen of the most respectable houses in this town, who employ about thirty-eight thousand work people in the different branches of the cotton manufacture, *stating*, that unless the present oppressive and impolitic tax be repealed, they shall be under the necessity of seeking a more favourable climate, as they find it utterly impracticable to pursue their business, subject to the destructive system of the excise laws. About the year 1745, one man was banished from this town to France; which has entailed more ruin and mischief on this kingdom, than perhaps even the loss of America.

“We are sorry to foresee these omens of sorrow and evil tendency; but unless a repeal be obtained, it requires no great sagacity to foresee the mischief that will follow.

“The following notice is stuck up in a principal warehouse in this town:—“No work can be delivered out of this warehouse, whilst the trade is subject to excise laws; and the liberty of Britons is wrenched from them by the hand of oppression.”

“The Scotch Greys, now quartered here, are to march in this day and night to Worcester. They dragoons.

Extract of a letter from Glasgow, dated 5th April.

“The manufacturers and trading part of this city are more and more alarmed, lest the resolutions respecting the Irish intercourse with this kingdom pass into a law.

“Several pamphlets and printed papers have been handed about, containing matters very important, and judiciously written, as relative to particular branches, all in opposition to the resolves being passed, and pressing for a delay. Remarks and observations, very sensible, have occurred in conversation among individuals.

“Among the latter class, a Mr Girvin has distinguished himself in a conspicuous and peculiar manner. He has spoken very freely of a certain House as not understanding the revenue-laws, as they operate in practice in the excise and customs. He says, the information given in Parliament, are partial and in *peculiar*. He also said, as a petition for a delay till the next session of Parliament, because, said he, it will then be as much in the dark as at present, unless the following previous steps be taken, viz:—

“To publish by authority, at the end of the present sessions, in both kingdoms, a book, containing the rates of all goods, wares, or merchandize, imported, exported, or carried coast-ways; with the duties of customs and excise payable thereon; under the various circumstances of import and export; together with the inland duties and taxes of excise, stamps, &c. expressed in British money, on each respective article, so as to give a comparative view of what is paid in each kingdom. This, says he, with a well-voiced account of imports and exports in the intercourse of trade with each kingdom, will afford proper and ample information to all interested in a matter of so much importance.

“How far he is in the right as to the above and other matters, I cannot say; but he has been always in opposition to the resolutions passing as they stood; and a good deal of attention has been paid him by gentlemen of the first rank here.”

Extract of a letter from Dublin, April 2.

“The paper manufacture which for some years past has languished in this kingdom, will probably soon become an object worthy the public attention; for the circumstance that hitherto stood in its way, namely, the indigence of its manufacturers, is likely to be immediately obviated by the establishment of a company, now forming by subscription here, for carrying on the manufacture, on a capital of 20,000 l. by the shares of 250, 500, and 1000 l.

“Thursday: Mr Thomas Carey surrendered himself to Caleb Jenkin, Esq; one of the High Sheriffs, in order to stand his trial at the ensuing term, on a charge of high treason.

MEMBERS for the ensuing GENERAL ASSEMBLY.
Presbytery of Kelfo: Rev. Mess. Lundie and Ogilvie, Ministers; Right Hon. Henry Dundas, Ruling Elder.

ROSLIN.

TO BE SOLD,

THE BENEFIT of a SUBTACK of the Inn and Castle, and Castle Garden of Roslin, lately occupied by David Keir.
To be entered to immediately, or at Whitsunday next.
For particulars apply to William Brodie, writer in Edinburgh.

ARRIVED AT LEITH, April 2. Friendship Packet, Denoon, from London, with goods; Anne, Boyd, from Alenmouth, with grain; Janet Swain, from Leven, with wheat; Lark, Ayrshire, from Stockton, with cheese.—9. William and Christian, Sims, from Kincauld, with whistles; Jessie, Berry, from Queensferry, with albes; Eleonora, Taylon, from London, with goods.
Sailed, Royal Bounty, Liddle, for the Greenland Whale-fishery; and several coasters about the Frith.

On Tuesday next will be published,
A New Edition, being the third, in One Volume Octavo,
Price Four shillings in boards.

INSTITUTIONS OF MEDICINE,

By WILLIAM CULLEN, M.D.
Professor of the Practice of Physic in the University of Edinburgh, &c.
Of C. FELLOR may be had, written by the same Author.
1. First Lines of the Practice of Physic, 4 vols. 8vo, price 1 l. 4s. in boards.
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M O N E Y.

WANTED L. 600, L. 800, or L. 1000 Sterling upon heritable security.
Apply to William Stobie, solicitor at law, Edinburgh.

To be LET, and entered to at Whitsunday.

TWO Genteel DWELLING-HOUSES, being part of the Mansion-house of Wright's House, lying in the parish of St Cuthbert's, and sheriffdom of Edinburgh, with a fruit garden to each of them.—The subjects will be warranted in sufficient repair.
Apply to Thomas Baird writer, No. 22, St Andrew's Square.



AT LONDON—FOR LEITH,

THE ENDEAVOUR,

DAVID BOYD Master,

Is now loading at Hawley's Wharf, and will sail the 23d April current.
Not to be repeated.

By order of the Honourable

Commissioners of his Majesty's Customs,

HERE will be exposed to sale, by public auction, in the Customhouse of Kirkcudbright, on MONDAY the 25th current, at twelve o'clock noon,
The following GOODS, condemned in Exchequer, in Martinmas term last, viz.

2124 Pounds FINE BLACK TEA.

54 Pounds WOOL.—And,

A BOAT, of three tons burthen, with Furniture, &c. to be broken up.

GOAT WHEY QUARTERS.

To be LET for the ensuing Season,

THE HOUSE lately built on the Farm of DUNDUR, in the parish of Comrie, and shire of Perth, consisting of a dining parlour, four bed-chambers, a kitchen and garrets for servants, all neatly fitted up and genteelly furnished.

The situation is uncommonly agreeable and convenient, being only an English mile from the east end of Lochearn, three miles from the village of Comrie, where all necessities may be had for the use of a family, and seven miles from Crieff. There is an easy communication with all parts of the country, by means of exceeding good roads; and Goat Whey is laid upon the lands, where a family may be also accommodated with hay and grass for their horses. It is a fine fishing quarter, and in many other respects, a most inviting summer residence.
For further particulars, apply to the publisher.

PREMIUMS ON THE FISHERY.

Improvements in Scotland, do hereby solicit, that the following are to give the under-mentioned Premiums, in the year 1786, for promoting the Fisheries of COD, LING, and TUSK, SUN or SAIL FISH, and DOG FISH, on the coasts of Scotland, viz.

To the person or company, whose vessel of twenty tons burden, or upwards, fitted out or freighted for the fishing at their own risk and expence, shall take and cure the greatest quantity of Cod, Ling, and Tusk, in proportion to the number of men employed, L. 60 0 0

For the second greatest quantity, 50 0 0

For the third greatest quantity, 40 0 0

For the fourth greatest quantity, 30 0 0

And for the fifth greatest quantity, 20 0 0

To the person or company, whose vessel or boat of any burden, fitted out and freighted at their own risk and expence, either from the Main Land or any one of the Isles, shall from the Sun or Sail fish caught, have the greatest quantity of Oil, L. 15 0 0

For the second greatest quantity, 10 0 0

For the third greatest quantity, 7 0 0

For the fifth greatest quantity, 6 0 0

For the sixth greatest quantity, 5 0 0

And for the seventh greatest quantity, 3 0 0

To the person or company, whose vessel or boat of any burden, fitted out and freighted at their own risk and expence, either from the Main Land or any one of the Isles, shall from the Dog fish caught, have the greatest quantity of Oil, L. 15 0 0

For the second greatest quantity, 10 0 0

For the third greatest quantity, 7 0 0

For the fourth greatest quantity, 6 0 0

For the fifth greatest quantity, 5 0 0

For the sixth greatest quantity, 4 0 0

And for the seventh greatest quantity, 3 0 0

L. 300 0 0

Persons intending to compete for these Premiums, (excepting such as reside in any of the Isles,) must lodge in this office, on or before the 15th of May next, an intimation of their intention so to do, specifying the name and burden of the vessel, with the number of hands, boats, and hooks, to be employed. And the master of every competing vessel, upon sending to this Office, will receive a book wherein his journal and observations are to be entered.

When the fishing season is over, or before the 1st March 1786, every competitor for the premium upon Cod, Ling, and Tusk, must return to this Office the said journal-book, properly filled up, with an affidavit before a Magistrate or Justice of Peace, subscribed, as to the truth thereof; and, at the same time, there must be transmitted a certificate under the hand of the Collector or Comptroller of the Customs at the port to which the vessel returns, of the burden of the vessel, the precise number of hands and boats which have been employed, and number and weight of the different sorts of fish caught and cured, (mentioning whether or not the heads of the fish be included in the weight,) and in case of their having caught any Sun or Sail fish, the number of gallons of oil made therefrom. And every competitor who fails to lodge his journal and affidavit, and the Custom-House certificate here, on or before the foreaid 1st of March 1786, will be debared from the premium.

On account of the great distance of the Isles, no intimation are required from the masters or outfitters of vessels or boats there for the Sun or Sail fishery, or Dog fishery; and an affidavit by the master, together with a certificate under the hand of the minister of the parish to which he belongs, lodged here before the said 1st March 1786, will be held as evidence of the quantity of oil (the number of gallons being specified) made from the Sun or Sail fish, or Dog fish, taken by each vessel or boat.

It will be observed, that any one person or company is at liberty to compete for all the before-mentioned Premiums.

By order of the Board,

ROBT. ARBUTHNOT, Sec.

Second Term—First Notice.

In the Process of Ranking and Sale, at the instance of Alexander Littlejohn writer in Stirling, with concurrence of his Majesty's Advocate, against ROBERT MOIR of Lochfield, and his Creditors, the Lord Chancellor, Ordinary, by interlocutor dated the 10th March 1785, nominated Lord Gardenston of course to be Ordinary to the ranking of the said creditors, and assigned the 12th day of June next to the whole creditors to produce all their claims, rights, and diligences competent to them respectively, against the bankrupt or his estate; and that for the first term; with certification as in a reduction and improprietion. And ordained notice thereof to be inserted in the Caledonian Mercury and Edinburgh Evening Courant, once every week, for three weeks successively, immediately after the date of said interlocutor; to the end it may come to the knowledge of all parties concerned.

R. C. ROSS, Clerk.

To be SOLD by public roup, upon Wednesday the 13th of April next, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh.

THAT Lodging or Dwelling-house presently possessed by Mrs Moncrieff of Culter, being the third and uppermost stories of Archibald's Land, Buccleugh Street, consisting of a dining-room, drawing-room, bed-room, two large bed closets, and good kitchen below, and three bed-rooms, store-room, and dark lumber-room above stairs. The house is agreeably situated, with an extensive view, is in neat repair, and may be seen every day betwixt the hours of twelve and two o'clock afternoon.

For further particulars, apply to James Spence, writer Grichton-street; or Oswald Fotheringham, writer, Fisher's Close.

If not sold, the house will be let.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 13th day of April next, 1785, betwixt the hours of four and five afternoon,

The SUBJECTS after mentioned, in the following LOTS.

I. The DWELLING-HOUSE, being the second storey of the large Tenement in Lawnmarket, at the head of Brodie's Close, presently possessed by Mr Pirie of the Admiralty-Office, consisting of six rooms, with kitchen and other conveniences; rented at 24 l. 10 s. Sterling.

II. The SHOP at the head of Fisher's Close, Lawnmarket, with the cellar below the same, presently possessed by William Hall merchant, at the rent of 26 l. Sterling, with the back house adjoining to said shop, and having a separate entry by Fisher's Close, presently possessed by Robert Stewart charman; rent 3 l. 10 s.

III. The SHOP at the head of Fishmarket Close, possessed by Joseph Scofield hoffer, at the rent of 27 l. per tack, which expires at Whitunday 1788; the back house adjoining thereto, and having a separate entry from the Fishmarket Close, possessed by James Clark vintner, at the rent of 14 l. Sterling. ALSO, several Small Houses in the same tenement, possessed by Joseph Smeiton, Robert Lockhart, Peter Ramsay, Widow Blair, Alexander Robertson, and Alexander Peacock, whose rents amount to 17 l. 13 s. Sterling.

IV. The SHOP opposite the Cross, possessed by William Coulter hoffer, with the dwelling-house behind the same, entering from Craig's Close, with two cellars belonging to the premises.

This lot is under lease to Mr Coulter for eleven years from Whitunday 1784, at the rent of 46 l. Sterling.

V. The SHOP also opposite the Cross, possessed by Mess. Cargill and Miller, rent 32 l. per tack, which expires at Whitunday 1792.

Some of the above subjects are insured in the Friendly Insurance on the old plan, and the premium paid up.

For further particulars apply to Harry Davidson writer to the signet.

A HOUSE, GARDENS, AND OFFICES, IN THE TOWN OF MONTROSE.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the house of George Bean vintner in Montrose, upon Friday the 20th day of May next, betwixt the hours of five and six in the afternoon.

All and Hall these Fore, Middle, and Back Tenements of Land, now converted into one house, with the gardens and offices thereto belonging, lying on the west side of the Calligate of Montrose, lately occupied by the deceased Sir James Nicholson of Glenbervie, Baronet, and consisting of a dining room, drawing room, parlour, two bed rooms, and pantry, on the first floor; three bed rooms and servants apartments above; and a large commodious kitchen, servants room, and three cellars on the ground flat; and within the close, a stable and hay-loft, brew-house, laundry, and hen-houses. The gardens are divided into three and a half acres.

The progress of writs, and articles, and conditions of roup, are to be seen in the hands of William Baillie writer in Montrose, to whom any person intending a private bargain may apply.

A MANSION HOUSE, GARDENS, AND MAINS, IN THE COUNTY OF KINCARDINE to be LET, AND FIR WOOD TO BE SOLD.

To be LET for such number of years as shall be agreed on, the Mansion-house, Offices, Gardens, and the Farm of Mains of GLENBERVIE.—The House and Gardens may be entered to immediately, and the Farm at Martinmas next.

The mansion-house, which is in very good repair, consists of a dining room, drawing room, parlour, a bed room, a closet, and store room on the first floor; four large well finished bed chambers, a bed closet, and lumber room above; and a kitchen, servants rooms, and cellars on the ground flat.—The offices belonging to the mansion-house and farm are complete, and in good repair. The farm consists of about seventy-five Scots acres of arable land, the greatest part of which is fine soil, in good heart, and completely inclosed, and this beside pasture the whole Mains, person who takes the house and farm parts thereof as he inclines.—The house being all in grass at present, a tenant may have liberty of breaking up the fields under reasonable restrictions.

The house is pleasantly situated upon the bank of the water of Bervie, within a mile of the high road leading from Aberdeen to Brechin, and is four miles from Stonehaven, where a family can be supplied with all kinds of butcher meat, and great variety of fish at all times of the year, and upon very reasonable terms.

The house, offices, and farm will be shown by James Gillespie, gardener at Glenbervie, and William Baillie, writer in Montrose, will give what further information is wanted, as to the intended lease.

The proprietor of Glenbervie, means to sell by private bargain, the remaining part of the FIR WOOD growing at Fallside, consisting of betwixt Eleven and Twelve Thousand TREES. And if any person inclines to purchase the same, proposals may be made to the said William Baillie.

SALE OF LANDS IN KIRKCUDBRIGHT.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the George Inn, Dumfries, upon Wednesday the 25th May 1785, betwixt the hours of 5 and 6 afternoon.

The LANDS after-mentioned, belonging to Robert Rae, writer in Kirkcudbright, in the lots following:

Lot I. The Lands of PIBLE, lying in the parish of Kirkmabreck, and stewartry of Kirkcudbright. These lands are set at 52 l. 10 s. 6 d. upon a tack for 19 years from Whitunday 1779; they consist of above 720 acres, partly arable and meadow, and partly muir ground; they lie within two miles of Ferrytown, where plenty of shells are to be had; part of them is already shelled, and the whole well inclosed and subdivided.—These lands hold of the Crown, and are valued in the cess-books at 300 l. Scots. The tacks are valued. Upset price L. 850.

Lot II. The Seller's Liferent Superiority of the Lands of CHAPEL-TOWN, lying in the stewartry of Kirkcudbright. Upset price L. 10.

The articles of roup, &c. are to be seen in the hands of William Keith, accountant, or John Tait, jun. writer to the signet, Prince's Street, Edinburgh; to either of whom, or to John Thomson writer in Kirkcudbright, persons desirous of further information may apply.

To be LET for such a term of years as can be agreed on, and entered to at Whitunday 1785.

The HOUSE of PRESTONHALL, which is completely furnished, with the offices, pigeon-houses, gardens, poultry, and such of the parks as may be wanted.

And likewise, the MILL of PRESTON, presently used as a flint mill, which has great command of water, and may be conveniently converted into a distillery. All the above subjects are situated in the parish of Cranston, about ten measured miles from Edinburgh; and may be seen by applying to David Wilson at Rosebarns.—Particular information of the conditions will be got from him, or Charles Gordon writer to the signet.

To be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 10th of August 1785, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon.

THESE Eleven Oxengates of the Lands of WESTON, which belong to Daniel Telfer, Esq; and are part of the Ten-merk Land of Weston, lying within the parish of Douglas, and thire of Lanark; as also the Two Merk Land, of old extent, of PAM-BRECK, and Teinds thereof, lying in the parish of Auchincleek and thire of Ayr.

The lands of Weston lie about a mile from the town of Douglas, in an agreeable country, and are adapted both for tillage and pasture. There are many excellent situations for a mansion-house and offices upon the estate, and the great road betwixt Edinburgh and Ayr runs through it. It is held of the family of Douglas, for payment of an yearly fee duty of 4 l. 10 s. 6 d. after which there remains of free rent about 186 l. Sterling, besides the produce of a coal mine that is presently working, but not included in the rental.

The lands of Pambrack are remarkable for the quality of their sheep. They are held of the Earl of Dumfries, and are at present set at the low rent of 27 l. a year; but a considerable rise is expected at the end of the present tack, as there is plenty of coal and lime upon this farm.

The lands of Weston are not sold together, they will be exposed in separate parcels, to be specified in the articles of sale.

Mr Telfer, the proprietor, will show the lands and boundaries; and the rental and progress of writs may be seen by applying to James Home clerk to the signet, to whom persons intending to purchase by private bargain may also apply any time before the day of sale.

To be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 22d of June 1785.

All and Whole the Lands called the EAST-BROOM, or BROOMCROFT of SOLESGIRTH, with the Teinds and pertinents, lying within the parish of Fowlis and thire of Perth, and holden of a subject superior for payment of a trifling fee-duty.

The lands consist of about 100 acres of arable, pasture, and muir ground; and are let to one tenant at the rent of 25 l. Sterling, besides paying the public burdens, on a lease current for seven years after Martinmas next. The rent is low, and a considerable rise may be expected at the end of the lease.

There is a neat House upon the premises, consisting of a dining-room, three bed-chambers, a kitchen, and garrets, with suitable offices, all in good repair. And the proprietor has a right, by the tack, to resume the possession of these and the garden, on building a new steading for the tenant.

The lands are uninclosed, and may be much improved at a moderate rate, having free stone in the premises, lime within a mile, and coal at less than half the distance. They are also well supplied with water, by two small burns or rivulets, one on each side of the house. They lie upon the great post road from Queensferry to Crieff, seven miles west from Kinross, at the same distance from Dunfermline, and within five miles of Alloa, and four of Culrois. In point of extent, situation, and other advantages, the subjects are well adapted for an extensive tillage.

The tenants will show the lands; and the articles of roup and progress of writs are in the hands of John McNab writer to the signet, who is empowered to treat with such as may incline to purchase by private bargain, previous to the day of roup.

SALE OF LANDS IN FIFE.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC ROUNP OR AUCTION, Within the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 4th day of May 1785, betwixt the hours of six and seven afternoon.

The Lands of CORRIELAW and NEWTON, alias THIEF-CLEUGH, lying in the parish of Drydale, and thire of Dumfries. The estate consists of upwards of 600 acres of land, the greatest part of which is arable, and of most excellent soil. It is set in lease to one tenant, of which there are 14 years to run after Martinmas next, at the yearly rent of 315 l. Sterling. The arable part of the estate is inclosed either with hedges and ditches, or with stone walls lately built, and very sufficient. The other parts of the lands are either covered with planting, which is very valuable, or affords excellent pasture for sheep.

There is a small Mansion-house upon the estate, with a large garden, and a fine farm-house lately built, and in very good condition. The estate is very conveniently situated, both for manure and for market, as there are plenty both of lime and marble in the neighbourhood. It lies within three short miles of Cupar, two from the harbour of Balmerino, and three from Woodhaven, on the fourth side of the river Tay, opposite to Dundee. The purchaser will have right to vote for a member of parliament for the county of Fife.

The progress of writs, and articles of sale, to be seen in the hands of George Imlach writer in Edinburgh, who will inform as to further particulars, and will be ready to treat and sell by private bargain, at any time previous to the day of roup.

JUDICIAL SALE OF LANDS IN THE SHIRE OF DUMFRIES.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Parliament or New Session-house of Edinburgh, upon Thursday the 28th of July next, betwixt the hours of four and six afternoon, the following LANDS which belonged to John Graham of Corriellaw.

Lot I. The Lands of CORRIELAW and NEWTON, alias THIEF-CLEUGH, lying in the parish of Drydale, and thire of Dumfries.

The proven rent after all deductions, is L. 37 12 s. 9-12ths.

And the proven value, being held of a subject-superior, at 23 years purchase, is L. 865 7 s. 8-12ths.

The teinds are deducted from the rent, and amount to 12 l. Sterling, but the proprietor has been in use only to pay 2 l. 4 s. 0 d. 6-12ths Sterling annually of teind duty, the superior paying the stipend; and it is probable, that no higher demand will be made for the teinds in future, which is a circumstance of considerable advantage to the purchaser, as no value is put upon the free teind in fixing the above upset price.

This farm consists of about 300 acres, which is mostly arable, and the remainder is good pasture. There is an onstead of houses lately built by the proprietor, and the lands lie within a few miles of the market towns of Ecclefechan and Lockerby, are pleasantly situated on the water of Corrie, and are underwood to have a right to a share of the wood of Linns in the neighbourhood.

Lot II. The Lands of BURNHEAD and Teinds thereof, lying in the parish of Tundergath, and thire of Dumfries.

The proven rent, after all deductions, is L. 21 2 s. 0.

And the proven value, being held of a subject-superior at 23 years purchase, is L. 485 6 s. 0.

This farm, which is situated upon the water of Milk, consists of about 130 acres, all arable and meadow, and mostly inclosed. It is capable of great improvement, being in the neighbourhood of limestone quarries.

Lot III. A Decree of Adjudication at the instance of the said John Graham, against John Carruthers of Bogside, adjudging the lands of Bogside for payment of two fums, which amount, with interest, to L. 467 13 s. 0.

And which is to be set up at that sum.

The articles of sale and progress may be seen at the office of Mr Kirkpatrick, Depute Clerk of Session, and further information will be got by applying to Mungo Dobie writer in Lockerby, factor upon the subjects.

To BE SOLD, or, if not sold betwixt and the middle of April, To be LET, and entered to at Whitunday next.

THE Lands of CLACMAE and KESLIE.

DOORS, lying a little way south of the burgh of Lander, on the west side of the water of Lander. These lands are of considerable extent, betwixt 900 and 1000 acres English measure, and are very improvable by lime, to which there is easy access, by the great turnpike road passing Crichtondean lime-kills and Lander, which runs through the lands. The boundary on the north side, at the water of Lander, is within a few yards of the mansion-house of Carlisle, and plantations thereof, and there is a very pleasant situation for a mansion-house on the bank of the said water of Lander, commanding a delightful view of Carlisle, and many other agreeable objects, situated on each side of Lander for a considerable way.—The ground in the present state is remarkably good and healthy for sheep; both young and old, and affords a large tillage and pasture for cattle.

For SALE or LEASE, apply to Thomas Cockburn writer to the signet, George's Square, who has full powers to bargain.

JUDICIAL SALE OF DURN.

To be Sold by public roup, under authority of the Court of Session, within the Parliament-house, Edinburgh, upon Friday the 22d of July 1785, betwixt the hours of four and six afternoon.

ALL and Whole the Lands, Barony, and Estate of DURN, with the Teinds and Mill of the same, lying in the parish of Rordevy and thire of Banff; the proven rent whereof, exclusive of the cess, which is paid by the tenants, is 72 l. 9 s. 12 d. and the upset price 19,467 l. 10 s. 6 d. The value of the lands is 95,214 l. Scots, and the value of the lands held of the Crown, entitling the proprietor to a freehold qualification in the county.

The estate is reckoned to contain about 1600 Scots acres, exclusive of a share in an undivided common and moor. It is situated within a quarter of a mile of that populous flourishing seaport town called Rordevy, five miles from Banff, and thire from Culter, through all which the great post-road leads, and in that district of the thire called the BOVNE, remarkable for its excellent soil and climate, fertile in all kinds of grain, and of late much distinguished for a spirit of improvement. The estate is well tenanted, most of the houses newly repaired, and upon a renewal, it is expected will yield more than double the present rent.—The lands abound with lime-stone, marble, and whinstone quarries, and on the hill of Durn there are great quantities of white stone, fit for potteries, for which advantageous efforts have been made. The lands are also well accommodated with the means of improvement, as the barony has a servitude on the inexhaustible moors of Park, and from their vicinity to water-carriage, coal, and every other necessary, are easily procured. The Gardens of Durn are very extensive, and well stocked with fruit-trees of the best kinds; a considerable part of the estate contiguous to the house is inclosed and subdivided with whin and thorn hedges, with belts of thriving young plantations, which renders the park remarkably warm and well sheltered.—There is likewise a good deal of old planting about the house, on which no value is put.

A new house may be set down at a little distance from the old one, on a more elevated and moist eligible spot, in the middle of a rich loamy field of forty acres, well supplied with spring and running water, and diversified with most delightful and extensive prospects of the Moray Frith and adjacent country.

The articles of roup are to be seen in the office of Mr Alexander Rod, depute-clerk of session; and the rental, with a measurement of the estate, in the hands of Andrew Stewart jun. writer to the signet, agent in the sale; to whom, or Mr Keith Dunbar, depute-clerk of Session, intending purchasers may apply for other particulars. A plan of the estate lies with Mr James Duff at Banff, factor appointed by the Court; and John Ross gardener at Durn, will show the grounds.

Judicial Sale of Lands in Ayrshire, BY ADJOURNMENT.

(And the Division of the Lots altered)

To be exposed to public roup, under authority of the Court of Session, within the Parliament-house, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 22d of June 1785, betwixt five and six afternoon.

The LANDS and ESTATE of PINMORE, and others, lying in the parishes of Colmonnel, Barr, and Girvan, respectively, and county of Ayr, in lots as under, viz.

Lot I.—Containing the Mansion-house of Pinmore, Gardens, &c. and also the Farm of Mains of Pinmore; the Lands of Lagganfarroch Hill and Woodhouse Parks, Holm, and Allis; the free proven rent whereof, after deduction of the free rent, is 72 l. 9 s. 12 d. and the upset price of 15,441 l. 10 s. 6 d.

The mansion-house of Pinmore consists of eight fire-rooms, with a large kitchen, offices, an excellent garden, and many conveniences. The grounds in this lot consist of about 700 acres, highly improvable, having lime within themselves. There is wood also upon this lot for the value of about 200 l. Sterling, fit for cutting. No place can afford a greater variety of country amusements of every kind; the river, which runs by the garden, produces salmon-trout, &c. and there is plenty of black game within a moderate distance of the house. Pinmore and Lagganfarroch are returned to a 40s. land, and the other lands make up together above another 40s. land of old extent.

Lot II.—Containing the Farm of Balbeg and Lamluchy, Lagganfarroch, and Heads of M'Lurgiton; the free rent whereof, after all deductions, is proven to be 72 l. 9 s. 12 d. 9-12ths; to be exposed at the reduced upset-price of 15,441 l. 10 s. 6 d. These lands contain about 550 acres, highly improvable by lime from Balbeg. Lamluchy is returned to a 40s. land, and Balbeg to a 2 merk land of old extent.

Lot III.—Containing the Lands of Pindulity, and Mill thereof, and Moun Land, alias M'Lurgiton; the free rent whereof, after all deductions, is 451 l. 18 s. 4 d.; to be exposed at the reduced upset-price of 721 l. 7 s. 8 d.—These lands contain near 300 acres; the farm of Pindulity is very low let; M'Lurgiton is returned to a two merk and Pindulity to a one merk land.

Lot IV.—Corriellaws and Knockglas; the free proven rent whereof, after all deductions, is 73 l. 10 s. 10 d. 6-12ths; to be exposed at the upset-price of 1761 l. 10 s. 9 d. These lands consist of about 300 acres, all inclosed and subdivided. They are set at present for grazing only, and would rise greatly, were a liberty of ploughing given. Drummore is returned to a 40s. land, and Corriellaws to a two merk land of old extent.

Lot V.—Congrart and Knockglas; the free rent whereof, after all deductions, is proven to be 34 l. 10 s. 6 d.; to be exposed at the reduced upset-price of 750 l.

The whole of the above lands hold blench of the Prince, excepting Balbeg, which holds fen of the Crown for payment of 3 s. 6 d. 8-12ths of a penny Sterling yearly.

The teinds of the whole lands are valued, but the teinds of those lands only which lie in Colmonnel parish are saleable.

Lot VI.—A Tack of the Lands of Dalowie, lying in the parish of Girvan, let by Mr Hamilton of Bargany to Mr Kennedy of Pinmore. The surplus rent drawn therefrom from the subtenant, after deduction of the principal tack-duty and public burdens, is proven to be 141 l. 16 s. 6 d. 10-12ths; to be exposed at the reduced upset-price of 159 l. The principal tack expires at Whitunday 1820, and the purchaser is to have right to the tack-duties from Whitunday 1785.

Lot VII.—A Tack of the Lands of Kilpatrick, Balcon, and Mac-Lechriston, lying in the said parish of Girvan, set by Mr Boyd of Penkill to Mr Kennedy. The surplus rent drawn from the subtenants, after all deductions, is proven to be 36 l. 17 s. 7 d. 8-12ths; to be exposed at the reduced upset-price of 250 l. The principal tack expires at Whitunday 1804, and the purchaser is to have right to the tack-duties from Whitunday 1785.

Lot VIII.—A Tack of the Lands of Dalfalk and Laggan, lying in the said parish of Girvan, set by Mr Hamilton of Bargany to Mr Kennedy; the free surplus rent whereof, after all deductions, is proven to be 67 l.; to be exposed at the reduced upset-price of 776 l. The principal tack expires at Whitunday 1820, and the purchaser's entry is to be at Whitunday 1785.

The title-deeds, rental, and articles of roup, may be seen in the office of Mr George Kirkpatrick, depute-clerk of Session, further information apply to Archibald Todd writer to the signet, agent in the sale.

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